Macroeconomics Review March 2025

Monetary Policy

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Macroeconomic Outlooks

External Trade

Additional Observations

Inflation Rates	Annual inflation amounted to 3.5% in March, Increased by 1.1PP monthly.
Refinance Rates	The ECB lowered its monetary policy rate by 25 BP in its last meeting.
International Reserves	In March, international reserves increased by \$77 mln, amounting to \$4.31 bln.
Real GDP	Real GDP witnessed an 7.7% annual growth in February.
Earnings Dynamics	In the 4Q-24, the average monthly income amounted to 2,218 GEL.
Residential Real Estate	Tbilisi's real estate market size amounted to \$236 mln in February (+7.1% y/y).
Exports Dynamics	Exports experienced a 7.3% decrease from the previous year in February.
Imports Dynamics	Annually, February Imports have shown a 6.6% decrease.
Other Observations	Precious Metals exports increased by 53% compared to the previous year.
<u>FDI</u>	FDI in 2024 amounted to \$1.3 bln, 30% decrease from 2023 figure.
Exchange Rates	GEL appreciated by 0.84% against the USD in March.
Market Watch	S&P 500 fell by 12% month-over-month to \$5,062.

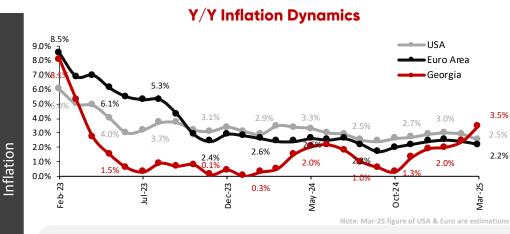
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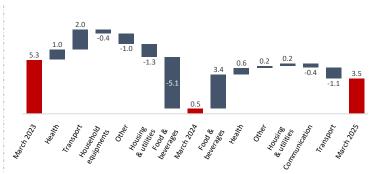
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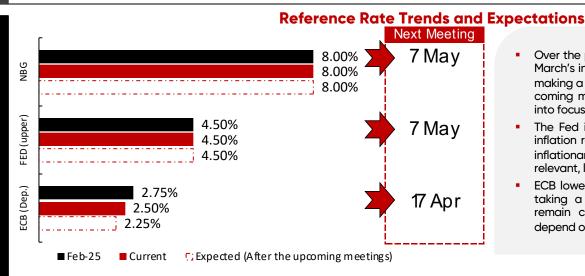
Contributors to Y/Y Change of Annual Inflation Changes in Georgia



- In March, Georgia's annual inflation rose to 3.5%, the highest since March 2023, driven mainly by higher prices in food and non-alcoholic beverages (+2.2pp contribution) and healthcare (+0.74pp).
- Domestic inflation amounted to 4% (1.9PP contribution in total) in March, mixed* 5.7% (1.6PP) and imported 0.2% (0.0PP).
- Monthly inflation amounted to 1.1%, mainly influenced by price changes for the Food and non-alcoholic beverages (0.93PP).

*Including products that are imported as well as those produced domestically.

Sources: Geostat, Eurostat, US Bureau of Labor Statistics



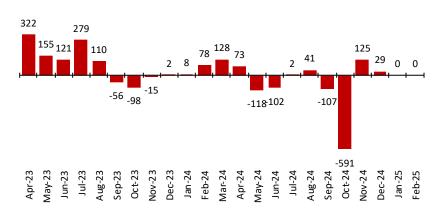
- Over the past six months, inflation has surged from 0.3% to 3.5%. March's inflation has now exceeded the NBG's target level of 3%, making a rate cut highly unlikely. If inflation fails to stabilize in the coming months, the possibility of a rate hike could come back into focus.
- The Fed is expected to keep its benchmark rate at 4.50%, as inflation remained above target, reaching 2.8% in February. The inflationary impact of new tariffs is becoming increasingly relevant, likely delaying any near-term rate cuts.
- ECB lowered its deposit facility rate by 25 basis points to 2.5%, taking a step toward further monetary easing. Policymakers remain cautious, signaling that future rate adjustments will depend on inflation trends and external risks.

Sources: NBG, Bloomberg, ECB

NBG Reserves Dynamics (US\$ bln)

6.0 Apr-23 Apr-23 Aug-23 Aug-24 Aug-24 Aug-24 Aug-24 Aug-25 Aug-26 Aug-2

NBG Net Purchases (US\$ mln)

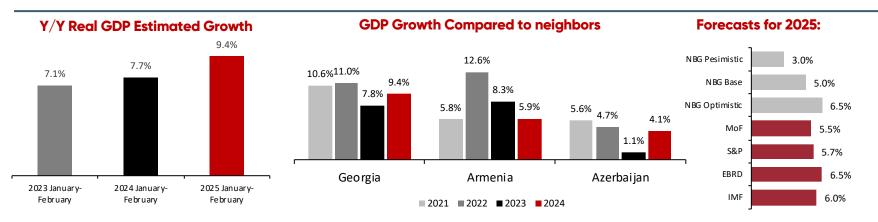


- As of March, national reserves amounted to \$4.31 billion, reflecting an increase of \$77 million from the previous month.
- In February, NBG has not made any transactions. This was the second consecutive month with no transactions.
- Year-over-Year national reserves decreased by \$466 mln.

Source: NBG

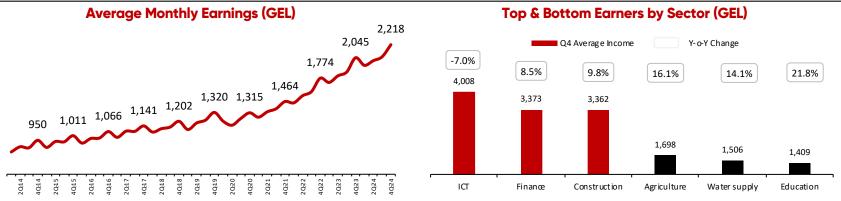
nternational Reserves Dynamics

Refinance Rates



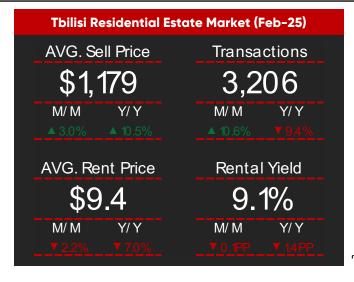
- Yearly real GDP experienced 7.7% growth in February. The highest growth was registered in following sectors: Professional, scientific and technical activities, ICT, Transportation and storage.
- Georgia recorded the highest GDP growth in the region over the past four years, while forecasts suggest a moderate slowdown in 2025 compared to previous years, with estimates ranging between 5.0% and 6.5% for the year.

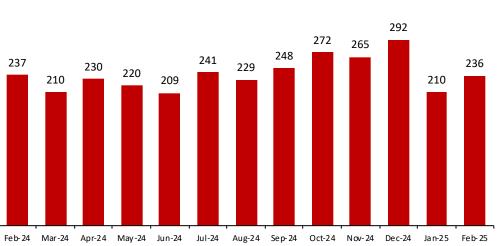
Sources: Geostat ,Armstat, CBAR, MoF, S&P, EBRD, IMF.



In the IV quarter of 2024, the average monthly nominal earnings increased by 8.5% y/y and amounted to 2,217.5 GEL.

Source: Geostat





Dynamics of Tbilisi's Housing Market Size (US\$ mln)

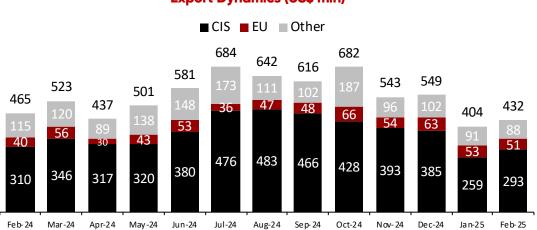
- In Feb-25, the market size in Tbilisi amounted to 236 mln and saw 12.4% m/m and -7.1% y/y increase.
- In Tbilisi, during the fourth quarter of 2024, the number of residential building permits issued declined by 2% to 1,168, while the permitted area, in terms of square meters, increased by 11.5% to 1,568 thousand.

Note: Changes in rent prices are derived from NBG data, while absolute values are sourced from SS.ge.

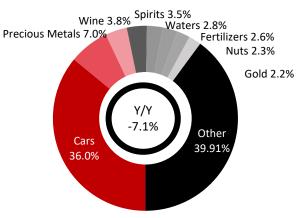
Sources: NBG, Recov, SS.ge, Geostat

Export Dynamics

Export Dynamics (US\$ mln)



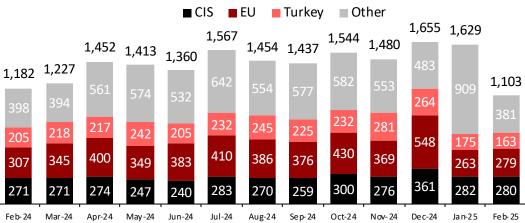
Exports by Products



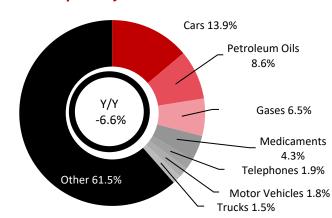
- In February, exports totaled \$432 million, marking a 7.1% decline compared to the same period last year. Exports to the EU rose by 25%, while exports to CIS countries fell by 5%.
- Key contributors to this decline were Ferro-alloys (-3.3 PP effect in total) and Wine (-2.8PP), while Precious metals (2.2PP), had the biggest positive impact.



Import Dynamics (US\$ mln)



Imports by Products

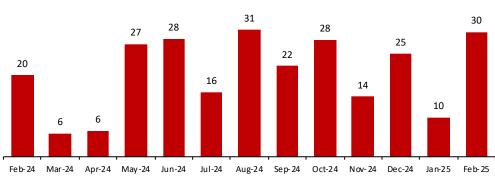


- Imports to Georgia amounted to \$1.1bln In February illustrating a 6.6% decrease from February 2024.
- Key contributors to this decrease were Motor Cars (-3.5PP effect in total growth) amounting to \$153 mln and aircraft (-1.9PP).

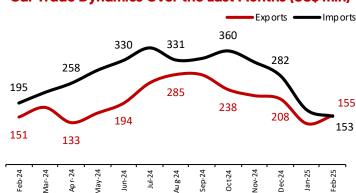


Other Observations

Precious Metals Export Over the Last Months (US\$ mln)

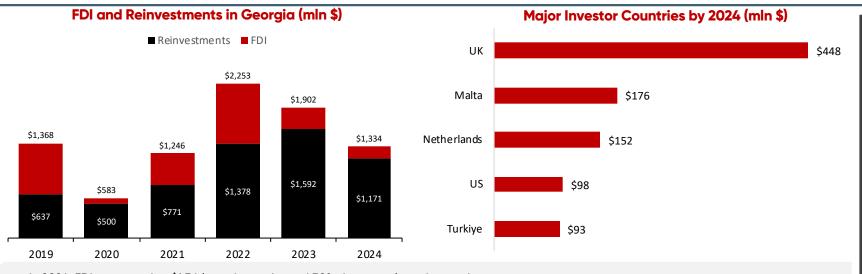


Car Trade Dynamics Over the Last Months (US\$ mln)



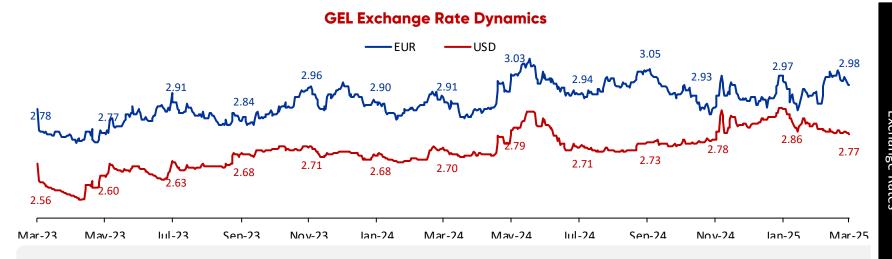
- Compared to February 2024, exports of Precious Metals Increased by 53%.
- Motor car exports increased by 3% compared to the previous year, while imports decreased by 22%.

Source: Geostat



- In 2024, FDI amounted to \$1.3 bln and experienced 30% decrease from the previous year.
- The UK reaching \$448 mln in 2024 (33.6% in total) was the major foreign direct investor country. Malta was the second with \$176 mln (13.2% in total), followed by Netherlands with \$152 mln (11.4% in total).

Source: Geostat



Macroeconomics Review

In March, GEL appreciated by 0.84% against the USD and deppreciated by 1.57% against the Euro.

Sources: NBG



- S&P 500 fell by 12% month-over-month to \$5,062. The sharp drop reflects investor caution amid economic slowdown concerns and a shift in rate cut expectations, weighing heavily on equities.
- WTI Crude Oil declined by 7% month-overmonth to \$61.20, deepening its 28% year-overyear decline. Weak demand, rising U.S. inventories, and uncertainty around OPEC+ production cuts continue to pressure prices.
- Gold rose by 3% month-over-month to \$3,013, extending its year-over-year rally to 26%. Safehaven demand remains strong as investors react to heightened market volatility, geopolitical risks, and central bank gold accumulation.

Sources: Bloomberg, LSE

Market Watch

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